

영 어

문 1. 밑줄 친 부분의 의미와 가장 가까운 것은?

For many compulsive buyers, the act of purchasing, rather than what they buy, is what leads to gratification.

- ① liveliness ② confidence
③ tranquility ④ satisfaction

※ [문 2 ~ 문 4] 밑줄 친 부분에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

문 2.

Globalization leads more countries to open their markets, allowing them to trade goods and services freely at a lower cost with greater _____.

- ① extinction ② depression
③ efficiency ④ caution

문 3.

We're familiar with the costs of burnout: Energy, motivation, productivity, engagement, and commitment can all take a hit, at work and at home. And many of the _____ are fairly intuitive: Regularly unplug. Reduce unnecessary meetings. Exercise. Schedule small breaks during the day. Take vacations even if you think you can't afford to be away from work, because you can't afford not to be away now and then.

- ① fixes ② damages
③ prizes ④ complications

문 4.

The government is seeking ways to soothe salaried workers over their increased tax burdens arising from a new tax settlement system. During his meeting with the presidential aides last Monday, the President _____ those present to open up more communication channels with the public.

- ① fell on ② called for
③ picked up ④ turned down

문 5. 밑줄 친 부분의 의미와 가장 가까운 것은?

In studying Chinese calligraphy, one must learn something of the origins of Chinese language and of how they were originally written. However, except for those brought up in the artistic traditions of the country, its aesthetic significance seems to be very difficult to apprehend.

- ① encompass ② intrude
③ inspect ④ grasp

※ [문 6. ~ 문 7.] 우리말을 영어로 잘못 옮긴 것을 고르시오.

문 6. ① 그의 소설들은 읽기가 어렵다.

→ His novels are hard to read.

② 학생들을 설득하려고 해 봐야 소용없다.

→ It is no use trying to persuade the students.

③ 나의 집은 5년마다 페인트칠된다.

→ My house is painted every five years.

④ 내가 출근할 때 한 가족이 위층에 이사 오는 것을 보았다.

→ As I went out for work, I saw a family moved in upstairs.

문 7. ① 경찰 당국은 자신의 이웃을 공격했기 때문에 그 여성을 체포하도록 했다.

→ The police authorities had the woman arrested for attacking her neighbor.

② 네가 내는 소음 때문에 내 집중력을 잃게 하지 말아라.

→ Don't let me distracted by the noise you make.

③ 가능한 한 빨리 제가 결과를 알도록 해 주세요.

→ Please let me know the result as soon as possible.

④ 그는 학생들에게 모르는 사람들에게 전화를 걸어 성금을 기부할 것을 부탁하도록 시켰다.

→ He had the students phone strangers and ask them to donate money.

문 8. 어법상 옳은 것은?

① My sweet-natured daughter suddenly became unpredictably.

② She attempted a new method, and needless to say had different results.

③ Upon arrived, he took full advantage of the new environment.

④ He felt enough comfortable to tell me about something he wanted to do.

문 9. 다음 글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것은?

The definition of 'turn' casts the digital turn as an analytical strategy which enables us to focus on the role of digitalization within social reality. As an analytical perspective, the digital turn makes it possible to analyze and discuss the societal meaning of digitalization. The term 'digital turn' thus signifies an analytical approach which centers on the role of digitalization within a society. If the linguistic turn is defined by the epistemological assumption that reality is constructed through language, the digital turn is based on the assumption that social reality is increasingly defined by digitalization. Social media symbolize the digitalization of social relations. Individuals increasingly engage in identity management on social networking sites(SNS). SNS are polydirectional, meaning that users can connect to each other and share information.

※ epistemological: 인식론의

① Remaking Identities on SNS

② Linguistic Turn Versus Digital Turn

③ How to Share Information in the Digital Age

④ Digitalization Within the Context of Social Reality

문 10. 주어진 글 다음에 이어질 글의 순서로 가장 적절한 것은?

Growing concern about global climate change has motivated activists to organize not only campaigns against fossil fuel extraction consumption, but also campaigns to support renewable energy.

- (A) This solar cooperative produces enough energy to power 1,400 homes, making it the first large-scale solar farm cooperative in the country and, in the words of its members, a visible reminder that solar power represents “a new era of sustainable and ‘democratic’ energy supply that enables ordinary people to produce clean power, not only on their rooftops, but also at utility scale.”
- (B) Similarly, renewable energy enthusiasts from the United States have founded the Clean Energy Collective, a company that has pioneered “the model of delivering clean power-generation through medium-scale facilities that are collectively owned by participating utility customers.”
- (C) Environmental activists frustrated with the UK government’s inability to rapidly accelerate the growth of renewable energy industries have formed the Westmill Wind Farm Co-operative, a community-owned organization with more than 2,000 members who own an onshore wind farm estimated to produce as much electricity in a year as that used by 2,500 homes. The Westmill Wind Farm Co-operative has inspired local citizens to form the Westmill Solar Co-operative.

- ① (C) - (A) - (B) ② (A) - (C) - (B)
 ③ (B) - (C) - (A) ④ (C) - (B) - (A)

문 11. 밑줄 친 부분에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

A: Did you have a nice weekend?
 B: Yes, it was pretty good. We went to the movies.
 A: Oh! What did you see?
 B: *Interstellar*. It was really good.
 A: Really? _____
 B: The special effects. They were fantastic. I wouldn’t mind seeing it again.

- ① What did you like the most about it?
 ② What’s your favorite movie genre?
 ③ Was the film promoted internationally?
 ④ Was the movie very costly?

문 12. 두 사람의 대화 중 가장 어색한 것은?

- ① A: I’m so nervous about this speech that I must give today.
 B: The most important thing is to stay cool.
- ② A: You know what? Minsu and Yujin are tying the knot!
 B: Good for them! When are they getting married?
- ③ A: A two-month vacation just passed like one week. A new semester is around the corner.
 B: That’s the word. Vacation has dragged on for weeks.
- ④ A: How do you say ‘water’ in French?
 B: It is right on the tip of my tongue, but I can’t remember it.

문 13. 다음 글의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?

Women are experts at gossiping, and they always talk about trivial things, or at least that’s what men have always thought. However, some new research suggests that when women talk to women, their conversations are far from frivolous, and cover many more topics (up to 40 subjects) than when men talk to other men. Women’s conversations range from health to their houses, from politics to fashion, from movies to family, from education to relationship problems, but sports are notably absent. Men tend to have a more limited range of subjects, the most popular being work, sports, jokes, cars, and women. According to Professor Petra Boynton, a psychologist who interviewed over 1,000 women, women also tend to move quickly from one subject to another in conversation, while men usually stick to one subject for longer periods of time. At work, this difference can be an advantage for men, as they can put other matters aside and concentrate fully on the topic being discussed. On the other hand, it also means that they sometimes find it hard to concentrate when several things have to be discussed at the same time in a meeting.

- ① 남성들은 여성들의 대화 주제가 항상 사소한 것들이라고 생각해 왔다.
 ② 여성들의 대화 주제는 건강에서 스포츠에 이르기까지 매우 다양하다.
 ③ 여성들은 대화하는 중에 주제의 변환을 빨리한다.
 ④ 남성들은 회의 중 여러 주제가 논의될 때 집중하기 어렵다.

문 14. 다음 글의 흐름상 적절하지 않은 문장은?

There was no divide between science, philosophy, and magic in the 15th century. All three came under the general heading of ‘natural philosophy’. ① Central to the development of natural philosophy was the recovery of classical authors, most importantly the work of Aristotle. ② Humanists quickly realized the power of the printing press for spreading their knowledge. ③ At the beginning of the 15th century Aristotle remained the basis for all scholastic speculation on philosophy and science. ④ Kept alive in the Arabic translations and commentaries of Averroes and Avicenna, Aristotle provided a systematic perspective on mankind’s relationship with the natural world. Surviving texts like his *Physics*, *Metaphysics*, and *Meteorology* provided scholars with the logical tools to understand the forces that created the natural world.

문 15. 어법상 옳지 않은 것은?

- ① Fire following an earthquake is of special interest to the insurance industry.
 ② Word processors were considered to be the ultimate tool for a typist in the past.
 ③ Elements of income in a cash forecast will be vary according to the company’s circumstances.
 ④ The world’s first digital camera was created by Steve Sasson at Eastman Kodak in 1975.

※ [문 16. ~ 문 17.] 밑줄 친 부분에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

문 16.

The slowing of China's economy from historically high rates of growth has long been expected to _____ growth elsewhere. "The China that had been growing at 10 percent for 30 years was a powerful source of fuel for much of what drove the global economy forward", said Stephen Roach at Yale. The growth rate has slowed to an official figure of around 7 percent. "That's a concrete deceleration", Mr. Roach added.

- ① speed up ② weigh on
③ lead to ④ result in

문 17.

As more and more leaders work remotely or with teams scattered around the nation or the globe, as well as with consultants and freelancers, you'll have to give them more _____. The more trust you bestow, the more others trust you. I am convinced that there is a direct correlation between job satisfaction and how empowered people are to fully execute their job without someone shadowing them every step of the way. Giving away responsibility to those you trust can not only make your organization run more smoothly but also free up more of your time so you can focus on larger issues.

- ① work ② rewards
③ restrictions ④ autonomy

문 18. 다음 글의 요지로 가장 적절한 것은?

"In Judaism, we're largely defined by our actions," says Lisa Grushcow, the senior rabbi at Temple Emanu-El-Beth Sholom in Montreal. "You can't really be an armchair do-gooder." This concept relates to the Jewish notion of tikkun olam, which translates as "to repair the world." Our job as human beings, she says, "is to mend what's been broken. It's incumbent on us to not only take care of ourselves and each other but also to build a better world around us." This philosophy conceptualizes goodness as something based in service. Instead of asking "Am I a good person?" you may want to ask "What good do I do in the world?" Grushcow's temple puts these beliefs into action inside and outside their community. For instance, they sponsored two refugee families from Vietnam to come to Canada in the 1970s.

- ① We should work to heal the world.
② Community should function as a shelter.
③ We should conceptualize goodness as beliefs.
④ Temples should contribute to the community.

문 19. (A)와 (B)에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

Ancient philosophers and spiritual teachers understood the need to balance the positive with the negative, optimism with pessimism, a striving for success and security with an openness to failure and uncertainty. The Stoics recommended "the premeditation of evils," or deliberately visualizing the worst-case scenario. This tends to reduce anxiety about the future: when you soberly picture how badly things could go in reality, you usually conclude that you could cope. (A), they noted, imagining that you might lose the relationships and possessions you currently enjoy increases your gratitude for having them now. Positive thinking, (B), always leans into the future, ignoring present pleasures.

(A) (B)

- ① Nevertheless in addition
② Furthermore for example
③ Besides by contrast
④ However in conclusion

문 20. 주어진 문장이 들어갈 위치로 가장 적절한 것은?

And working offers more than financial security.

Why do workaholics enjoy their jobs so much? Mostly because working offers some important advantages. (①) It provides people with paychecks—a way to earn a living. (②) It provides people with self-confidence; they have a feeling of satisfaction when they've produced a challenging piece of work and are able to say, "I made that". (③) Psychologists claim that work also gives people an identity; they work so that they can get a sense of self and individualism. (④) In addition, most jobs provide people with a socially acceptable way to meet others. It could be said that working is a positive addiction; maybe workaholics are compulsive about their work, but their addiction seems to be a safe—even an advantageous—one.