

【영 어】

1. 다음 문장에서 밑줄 친 부분의 의미와 가장 가까운 것은?

The ingenuous child had no problem answering the questions.

- ① naive ② tenacious ③ sensible ④ preliminary

2. 다음 문장에서 밑줄 친 부분의 의미와 가장 가까운 것은?

The notorious rapist was finally captured and confined to jail.

- ① innocent ② infamous ③ passive ④ marvelous

3. 다음 문장에서 밑줄 친 부분의 의미와 가장 가까운 것은?

She admitted conspiring with her lover to murder her husband.

- ① plotting ② colliding ③ reconciling ④ irritating

4. 다음 문장에서 밑줄 친 부분의 의미와 가장 가까운 것은?

What he discovered was that, despite their objections to the malicious nature of the advertisements, viewers were nonetheless affected by them in the way advertisers desired.

- ① innocuous ② malleable ③ ambivalent ④ spiteful

5. 다음 글의 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

- There used to be a shop at the end of the street; it closed (㉠) a few years ago.
- Helen was going away. We went to the station with her to see her (㉡).

- | | | | |
|-------|-------|--------|-------|
| ㉠ | ㉡ | ㉢ | ㉣ |
| ① off | ② on | ③ down | ④ off |
| ③ on | ④ off | ④ out | in |

6. 다음 A, B의 대화 중 가장 적절하지 않은 것은?

- ① A: I can't thank you enough.
B: I'm sorry to hear that.
- ② A: Need a hand?
B: No thanks. I can handle it.
- ③ A: Would you show me the way to Jongno police station?
B: I'm sorry, but I am a stranger here.
- ④ A: Is it all right if I come back around four?
B: Certainly. Do as you wish, please.

7. 다음 문장에서 밑줄 친 부분의 의미와 가장 가까운 것은?

How can you balance your household budget if you spend so much on liquor and cigarettes?

- ① make ends meet
② hit the ceiling
③ beat around the bush
④ brush up on it

8. 다음 중 어법에 맞는 표현으로 가장 적절한 것은?

- I'm considering (㉠) my job.
나는 일을 그만둘까 생각 중이다.
- She accused the CEO of her company (㉡) embezzlement.
그녀는 그녀가 일하는 회사의 대표이사를 횡령 혐의로 고발하였다.
- He felt (㉢) at being the center of attention.
그는 그에게 관심이 집중되자 당황했다.

- | | | |
|------------|------|----------------|
| ㉠ | ㉡ | ㉢ |
| ① to quit | ② on | ③ embarrassed |
| ② to quit | ④ of | ④ embarrassing |
| ③ quitting | ④ on | embarrassed |
| ④ quitting | on | embarrassing |

9. 다음 중 어법에 맞는 표현으로 가장 적절하지 않은 것은?

㉠ Most readers of novels intuitively feel that their favorite authors have ㉡ distinctive styles, and some sensitive readers can even attribute passages ㉢ what they have not read previously ㉣ to one or another of these authors.

- ① ㉠ ② ㉡ ③ ㉢ ④ ㉣

10. 다음 우리말을 영작한 것 중 가장 적절한 것은?

경찰작용은 더 이상 법 집행에만 초점이 맞춰지지 않았으며, 다양한 활동에 관여될 것이 요구되었다.

- ① No longer were solely focused police actions on law enforcement but were required to involve in a variety of activities.
- ② No longer police actions were solely focused on law enforcement but to be required involve in a variety of activities.
- ③ No longer police actions solely focused on were law enforcement but required to be involved in a variety of activities.
- ④ No longer were police actions solely focused on law enforcement but were required to be involved in a variety of activities.

11. 다음 글의 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

Violent crime has dropped in the United States in recent years, but the overall crime rate is still alarmingly high. Crime control is one of the most difficult and controversial subjects in sociology. People have very different beliefs about the best way to lower the crime rate. Many people believe that "()," meaning that the best way to control crime is deterrence - to stop crime from happening in the first place. This might mean developing educational and social programs to discourage young people from being involved in criminal activities, or having more police officers on the streets.

- ① custom rules the law
② practice is better than precept
③ an eye for an eye, a tooth for a tooth
④ prevention is better than cure

12. 다음 글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것은?

Taichi, which has roots in Chinese martial arts, uses a series of slow, flowing motions and deep, slow breathing to exercise the body and calm the mind. You move from one pose to another gradually, shifting your weight and extending your limbs to challenge your balance. It looks like a graceful dance.

- ① One Leg Balance
② Best Exercise for Balance: Taichi
③ The Best Way to Improve Your Dancing
④ A Reduction in Falls

13. 다음 글의 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

The most common substance on Earth is water. Every living thing contains water. (㉠), a person's body is about 67 percent water, a bird's is about 75 percent water, and most fruits contain about 90 percent water. (㉡), 70 percent of the Earth's surface is water. Besides being in lakes, rivers, and oceans, water is in the ground and in the air. (㉢), most of the water in the world is saltwater. Only 3 percent of the Earth's water is fresh, and just one percent of that is available for human use. The rest is saltwater, and people cannot drink it or grow food with it.

- | | | |
|----------------|---------------|----------------|
| ㉠ | ㉡ | ㉢ |
| ① For instance | ② In addition | ③ However |
| ② For instance | ④ Otherwise | ④ Consequently |
| ③ Furthermore | ④ Otherwise | ④ Consequently |
| ④ Furthermore | Consequently | However |

14. 다음 글의 요지로 가장 적절한 것은?

While fats have lately acquired a bad image, one should not forget how essential they are. Fats provide the body's best means of storing energy, a far more efficient energy source than either carbohydrates or proteins. They act as insulation against cold, as cushioning for the internal organs, and as lubricants. Without fats, there would be no way to utilize fat soluble vitamins. Furthermore, some fats contain fatty acids that provide necessary growth factors, strengthen the immune system, and help with the digestion of other foods.

- ① Fats deserve their bad image due to their roles.
- ② Fats store energy more efficiently than proteins and carbohydrates.
- ③ Fats contain acids that help the absorption of vitamins.
- ④ Fats serve important functions in the body.

15. 다음 글의 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

In every generation, there are a few dreamers. Usually these people are driven by the contradictions and problems which confront them in society as it exists. They come to believe that an ideal society is possible, and they act on these beliefs by setting up experimental communities. Such communities, usually called utopian communities, have been proposed in many generations of our history. These utopian communities never survive, but they serve as beacons for social change, reminding us that what exists is not permanent - society is built by humans, and it can therefore be () by them.

- ① perpetuated ② altered
- ③ implicated ④ eulogized

16. 다음 글의 요지로 가장 적절한 것은?

Criminals were once considered sinners who chose to offend against the laws of God and man. They were severely punished for their crimes. Modern criminologists regard society itself to be largely responsible for the crimes committed against it. Poverty, poor living conditions, and inadequate education are all causes of crime. Crime is fundamentally the result of society's failure to provide a decent life for all people. It is especially common in times when values are changing, as after a war, or in countries where people with different backgrounds and values are thrown together.

- ① 과거에는 범죄자에 대한 처벌이 너무 가혹했다.
- ② 현대의 범죄는 점점 증가하고 있다.
- ③ 범죄 발생의 주요 요인은 사회 여건이다.
- ④ 오히려 선진국일수록 범죄 발생이 빈번하다.

17. 다음 글의 내용과 일치하는 것으로 가장 적절하지 않은 것은?

Illegal downloads are a serious concern. P2P file sharing increases the scale of the problem. Some people consider it a form of theft, but for many, it is a grey area. A person might never rob a bank, but he or she may download pirated media. Korea has its fair share of copyright infringement problems. Until recently, copyright laws in Korea were lax. Further, high-speed internet is widely available. Faster download speeds are accelerating the problem. As a result, illegal downloads have been common. There are even online clubs dedicated to illegal file sharing. Their members pay a low monthly fee. In Korea, Korean and foreign television programs are easily available online. Music files are also shared. Movies can be seen even before they are released in theaters. It may not be legal, but it is simple and inexpensive. Many people are not even aware that file sharing is illegal.

- ① 몇몇 사람들은 불법 다운로드를 절도 행위의 일종으로 생각한다.
- ② 파일 공유가 불법임을 모르는 사람들도 많이 있다.
- ③ 불법 복제물을 판매하는 노점 상인들이 점점 늘어나고 있다.
- ④ 한국의 일부 온라인 클럽에서는 회원들이 낮은 월 이용료를 지불하면서 불법적으로 파일을 공유하기도 한다.

18. 다음 글의 내용과 일치하는 것으로 가장 적절한 것은?

"For me, this class is very useful." explained Gloria Wan, who would begin graduate studies at the school this fall. "Because I mainly study traditional Chinese music, it's interesting to compare traditional Korean music with traditional Chinese music, because there are some elements that have actually remained with traditional Korean music that are no longer found in the traditional Chinese music." Wan also explained that the sounds of the Gayageum cannot be emulated on any other string instrument. "Do you hear this bending sound?" she asked. "There are just so many different sounds you can make, which makes this instrument just fascinating to me."

- ① 글로리아 완은 주로 한국 전통음악을 공부하고 있다.
- ② 글로리아 완은 대학원 과정을 이번 가을에 졸업할 예정이다.
- ③ 글로리아 완은 가야금의 소리는 다른 현악기에서는 건줄 수 없는 소리들이 있다고 설명했다.
- ④ 글로리아 완은 가야금의 여러 가지 소리 중 특히 한 가지 소리를 흥미롭게 여기고 있다.

19. 다음 글의 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

Numerous experiments show that speakers do have strong feelings about certain sounds, and they agree about these feelings with remarkable consistency. In the earliest experiment designed to test (㉠), an influential researcher made up two words, *mal* and *mil*. He told five hundred subjects that one word meant "large table," the other "small table" - and then asked the subjects to tell which word referred to which size table. By the laws of chance, the subjects should have chosen one word or the other in approximately equal numbers; (㉡), 80 percent of them agreed that *mal* meant "large table" and *mil* meant "small table." Since the two words differ solely in their vowels, the subjects apparently felt that *a* conveys largeness and *i* smallness.

- | | |
|-------------------------------------|----------|
| ㉠ | ㉡ |
| ① attitudes about sound symbolism | moreover |
| ② attitudes about sound symbolism | instead |
| ③ perceptions on the speed of sound | moreover |
| ④ perceptions on the speed of sound | instead |

20. 다음 글의 요지로 가장 적절한 것은?

Teaching is supposed to be a professional activity requiring long and complicated training as well as official certification. The act of teaching is looked upon as a flow of knowledge from a higher source to an empty container. The student's role is one of receiving information; the teacher's role is one of sending it. There is a clear distinction assumed between one who is supposed to know and another, usually younger person who is supposed not to know. However, teaching need not be the province of a special group of people nor need it be looked upon as a technical skill. Teaching can be more like guiding and assisting than forcing information into a supposedly empty head. If you have a certain skill, you should be able to share it with someone. You do not have to get certified to convey what you know to someone else. All of us, from the very youngest children to the oldest members of our cultures, should come to realize our own potential as teachers.

- ① 교사들은 주입식 교육방법을 지양해야 한다.
- ② 모든 사람은 가르칠 수 있는 잠재력을 가지고 있다.
- ③ 가르치는 일은 복잡한 훈련을 요하는 전문적인 활동이다.
- ④ 학생들은 지식을 흡수하기 위해 개방적인 자세를 취해야 한다.